

# Transwall



## Declaration Owner

### Transwall

1220 Wilson Drive

West Chester, PA

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## Product

- 1x2 Door
- 2x2 Door
- Double-Glazed Door
- Offset-Glazed Door

EPD represents delivery of product to customers in North America.

## Functional Unit

The functional unit is one square meter of demountable wall system installed and maintained for use over a 75-year period

## EPD Number and Period of Validity

SCS-EPD-10436

EPD Valid May 20, 2025 through May 19, 2030

## Product Category Rule

ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works — Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services

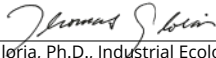
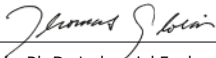
## Program Operator

SCS Global Services

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Address:	1220 Wilson Drive, West Chester, PA
Declaration Number:	SCS-EPD-10436
Declaration Validity Period:	EPD Valid May 20, 2025 through May 19, 2030
Program Operator:	SCS Global Services
Declaration URL Link:	<a href="https://www.scsglobalservices.com/certified-green-products-guide">https://www.scsglobalservices.com/certified-green-products-guide</a>
LCA Practitioner:	Gerard Mansell, Ph.D., SCS Global Services
LCA Software and LCI database:	OpenLCA 2.4 software and the Ecoinvent v3.11 database
Product RSL:	30 yrs
Markets of Applicability:	North America
EPD Type:	Product-Specific
EPD Scope:	Cradle-to-Grave
LCIA Method and Version:	CML-IA and TRACI 2.1
Independent critical review of the LCA and data, according to ISO 14044 and ISO 14071	<input type="checkbox"/> internal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> external
LCA Reviewer:	 Thomas Glória, Ph.D., Industrial Ecology Consultants
Product Category Rule:	ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works — Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services
PCR Review conducted by:	ISO Technical Committee
Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025 and the PCR	<input type="checkbox"/> internal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> external
EPD Verifier:	 Thomas Glória, Ph.D., Industrial Ecology Consultants
Declaration Contents:	1. Transwall ..... 2 2. Product ..... 2 3. LCA: Calculation Rules ..... 5 4. LCA: Scenarios and Additional Technical Information ..... 13 5. LCA: Results ..... 15 6. LCA: Interpretation ..... 23 7. References ..... 24
<p><b>Disclaimers:</b> This EPD conforms to ISO 14025, 14040, 14044, and 21930.</p> <p><b>Scope of Results Reported:</b> The PCR requirements limit the scope of the LCA metrics such that the results exclude environmental and social performance benchmarks and thresholds, and exclude impacts from the depletion of natural resources, land use ecological impacts, ocean impacts related to greenhouse gas emissions, risks from hazardous wastes and impacts linked to hazardous chemical emissions.</p> <p><b>Accuracy of Results:</b> Due to PCR constraints, this EPD provides estimations of potential impacts that are inherently limited in terms of accuracy.</p> <p><b>Comparability:</b> The PCR this EPD was based on was not written to support comparative assertions. EPDs based on different PCRs, or different calculation models, may not be comparable. When attempting to compare EPDs or life cycle impacts of products from different companies, the user should be aware of the uncertainty in the final results, due to and not limited to, the practitioner's assumptions, the source of the data used in the study, and the specifics of the product modeled.</p> <p>In accordance with ISO 21930:2017, EPDs are comparable only if they comply with the core PCR, use the same sub-category PCR where applicable, include all relevant information modules and are based on equivalent scenarios with respect to the context of construction works. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; SCS shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data, and evidence supplied or made available to SCS.</p>	

## 1. Transwall

Transwall is a well-established developer and manufacturer of movable floor-to-ceiling and architectural (relocatable) wall systems. Founded in 1963 in the western suburbs of Philadelphia, the brand has positioned itself firmly in the relocatable wall segment of the contract interiors industry. Noted for its high quality products and superior services, Transwall has carved out a strong place for itself in eastern markets. It is also a long-standing and trusted supplier to the federal government with installations throughout the US and the world.

## 2. Product

### 2.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

**Table 1.** Products included in the EPD scope.

Product		Description	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	Mass per unit area
<b>1x2 Door</b> 38"w x 108"h (0.97m x 2.74m)		Center-glazed door with 1" stiles and 2" rails. Glass thickness is 3/8" and can be monolithic or laminated. Pivot door bottom rail includes 60° bevel as standard with optional 10" bottom rail for ADA compliance. Sliding door bottom rail is flat as standard with optional 60° and 10" bottom rails for a common aesthetic to pivots. The 60° bevel rail is required as the top rail when concealed closers are specified on pivot doors.	2.65	27.16 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
<b>2x2 Door</b> 38"w x 108"h (0.97m x 2.74m)		Center-glazed door with 2" stiles and 2" rails. Glass thickness is 3/8" and can be monolithic or laminated. Pivot door bottom rail includes 60° bevel as standard with optional 10" bottom rail for ADA compliance. Sliding door bottom rail is flat as standard with optional 60° and 10" bottom rails for a common aesthetic to pivots. The 60° bevel rail is required as the top rail when concealed closers are specified on pivot doors.	2.65	26.64 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Double-Glazed Door</b> 38"w x 108"h (0.97m x 2.74m)		Double-glazed door with 1 1/2" stiles and rails. Glass thickness is 1/4" and must be monolithic. Stile/rail extrusions wrap glass to capture it in place. Both pivot and sliding doors are available. A 3 5/8" top rail is used when concealed closers are specified on pivot doors.	2.65	34.27 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Offset-Glazed Door</b> 38"w x 108"h (0.97m x 2.74m)		Offset-glazed door with 1 1/2" stiles and rails. Glass thickness is 1/2" and must be monolithic. Stile/rail extrusions wrap glass to capture it in place. Both pivot and sliding doors are available. A 3 5/8" top rail is used when concealed closers are specified on pivot doors.	2.65	34.35 kg/m <sup>2</sup>



**2.2 APPLICATION**

The demountable partition products provide the primary function of partitioning interior spaces.

**2.3 DECLARATION OF METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK**

The scope of the EPD is cradle-to-grave, including raw material extraction and processing, transportation, product manufacture, product delivery, installation and use, and product disposal. The life cycle phases included in the product system boundary are shown below.

Cut-off and allocation procedures are described below and conform to the PCR and ISO standards. The assessment follows the attributional LCA approach.

**Table 2.** Life cycle phases included in the product system boundary.

Product			Construction Process		Use							End-of-life				Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B1	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw material extraction and processing	Transport to manufacturer	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction - installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potential
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MND

X = Module Included | MND = Module Not Declared

**2.4 TECHNICAL DATA**

Technical specifications and product performance results for the demountable partition products can be found on the manufacturer’s website (<https://www.transwall.com>).

**2.5 MATERIAL COMPOSITION**

The products are made primarily from fabricated aluminum and steel components, glass and various plastics and hardware.

**Table 3.** Material content for the products in kg per reference flow and as a percentage of total mass.

Material	1x2 Door		2x2 Door		Double-Glazed Door		Offset-Glazed Door	
	Mass (kg)	%	Mass (kg)	%	Mass (kg)	%	Mass (kg)	%
Aluminum	13.2	18%	15.0	21%	9.17	10%	9.56	11%
Steel	0.856	1.2%	0.856	1.2%	0.508	0.56%	0.462	0.51%
Glass	57.5	80%	54.3	77%	80.8	89%	80.8	89%
Plastic	0.355	0.49%	0.355	0.5%	0.165	0.18%	7.17x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.079%
Open Cell Foam	7.68x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.011%	7.68x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.011%	0.00	0%	0.00	0%
Rubber	0.00	0%	0.00	0%	2.50x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.0028%	1.25x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.0014%
Other	8.55x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.012%	8.55x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.012%	5.32x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.059%	1.89x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.021%
<b>Total Product</b>	<b>71.9</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>70.5</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>90.7</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>90.9</b>	<b>100%</b>

No chemicals regulated by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) were identified in the product or product components. There are no releases of such substances associated with the production, use or maintenance of the products.

## 2.6 MANUFACTURING

The products are manufactured at the Transwall production facility in the United States. The manufacturer provided primary data for their annual production, resource use and electricity consumption and waste generation at the facility. Electricity consumption is modeled using Ecoinvent datasets for the applicable regional electricity grid resource mix. No green power sources or CO<sub>2</sub> certificates are included in the present study.

The manufacturer provided material-specific scrap rates from manufacturing for the products, which is accounted for within the raw material extraction and processing and upstream transport phases of the assessment. Disposal of manufacturing scrap, via landfilling, is accounted for in the manufacturing stage.

## 2.7 PACKAGING

The products are packaged for shipment using cardboard cartons and plastic wrap.

**Table 4** Material content for the product packaging, in kg per reference flow and as a percentage of total mass.

Material	1x2 Door		2x2 Door		Double-Glazed Door		Offset-Glazed Door	
	Mass (kg)	%	Mass (kg)	%	Mass (kg)	%	Mass (kg)	%
Plastic film	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	44%	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	44%	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	44%	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	44%
Corrugated	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	44%	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	44%	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	44%	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	44%
Adhesive	4.54x10 <sup>-3</sup>	11%	4.54x10 <sup>-3</sup>	11%	4.54x10 <sup>-3</sup>	11%	4.54x10 <sup>-3</sup>	11%
<b>Total Packaging</b>	<b>4.08x10<sup>-2</sup></b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>4.08x10<sup>-2</sup></b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>4.08x10<sup>-2</sup></b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>4.08x10<sup>-2</sup></b>	<b>100%</b>

## 2.8 PRODUCT INSTALLATION

The products are installed using hand tools with negligible impacts. Impacts associated with the production and disposal of the product packaging are also included in this phase. The VOC emissions associated with the installation, use and maintenance of the products are negligible.

## 2.9 USE CONDITIONS

No special conditions of use are noted.

## 2.10 PRODUCT REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE AND BUILDING ESTIMATED SERVICE LIFE

The Reference Service Life (RSL) of the product is based on the manufacturer's estimated product lifetime and is summarized in Table 5 below. The building Estimated Service Life (ESL) is 75 years, consistent with the PCR.

## 2.11 RE-USE PHASE

The products are not reused at end-of-life.

## 2.12 DISPOSAL

No specific data were available regarding the recycling rate of materials in the product at end-of-life. Assumptions for the product end-of-life are based on regional statistics regarding municipal solid waste generation and disposal. Material recycling rates are based on the US EPA's disposal statistics for municipal solid waste (MSW) for 2018.

## 2.13 FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information on the product can be found on the manufacturers' website at <https://www.transwall.com>.

## 3. LCA: Calculation Rules

### 3.1 FUNCTIONAL UNIT

The functional unit used in the study is defined as 1 m<sup>2</sup> of demountable partition maintained for 75 years, consistent with the PCR. The corresponding reference flow for each product system is presented in Table 5. For the present assessment, a reference service lifetime (RSL) corresponding to the manufacturer's estimated lifetime is assumed. The total number of required product lifecycles during the 75-year period over which the product system is modeled is also summarized for the products in Table 5.

**Table 5.** Reference flows and RSL for the demountable partition products.

Product	Functional Unit	Reference Flow (kg)	Reference Service Lifetime (yrs)	Replacement Cycle	Total # of Life Cycles
1x2 Door	1 m <sup>2</sup> of demountable partition maintained for 75 years	71.91	30	1.5	2.5
2x2 Door	1 m <sup>2</sup> of demountable partition maintained for 75 years	70.54	30	1.5	2.5
Double-Glazed Door	1 m <sup>2</sup> of demountable partition maintained for 75 years	90.74	30	1.5	2.5
Offset-Glazed Door	1 m <sup>2</sup> of demountable partition maintained for 75 years	90.95	30	1.5	2.5



### 3.2 SYSTEM BOUNDARY

The scope of the EPD is cradle-to-grave, including raw material extraction and processing, transportation, product manufacture, product delivery, installation and use, and product disposal. The life cycle phases included in the EPD scope are described in Table 6 and illustrated in Figure 1.

**Table 6.** *The modules and unit processes included in the scope for the Transwall demountable partition products.*

Module	Module description from the PCR	Unit Processes Included in Scope
A1	Extraction and processing of raw materials; any reuse of products or materials from previous product systems; processing of secondary materials; generation of electricity from primary energy resources; energy, or other recovery processes from secondary fuels	Extraction and processing of raw materials for the demountable partition components.
A2	Transport (to the manufacturer)	Transport of component materials to the manufacturing facilities
A3	Manufacturing, including ancillary material production	Manufacturing of products and packaging (including upstream unit processes)
A4	Transport (to the building site)	Transport of product (including packaging) to the building site
A5	Construction-installation process	Impacts from the installation of the product are assumed negligible. Impacts from the production, transport and disposal of waste material associated with installation are included in this phase in addition to impacts from packaging disposal.
B1	Product use	There are no impacts from the use of the demountable partition in a commercial building setting.
B2	Product maintenance	Maintenance of products over the 75-year ESL, including periodic cleaning. Impacts from product maintenance are assumed negligible
B3	Product repair	The products are not expected to require repair over its lifetime
B4	Product replacement	The materials and energy required for replacement of the product over the 75-year ESL of the assessment are included in this phase
B5	Product refurbishment	The products are not expected to require refurbishment over their lifetime
B6	Operational energy use by technical building systems	There is no operational energy use associated with the use of the product
B7	Operational water uses by technical building systems	There is no operational water use associated with the use of the product
C1	Deconstruction, demolition	Demolition of the product is accomplished using hand tools with no associated emissions and negligible impacts
C2	Transport (to waste processing)	Transport of the product to waste treatment at end-of-life
C3	Waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling	The products are disposed of by recycling, landfilling or incineration which require no waste processing
C4	Disposal	Disposal of the product in a municipal landfill or incineration
D	Reuse-recovery-recycling potential	Module Not Declared

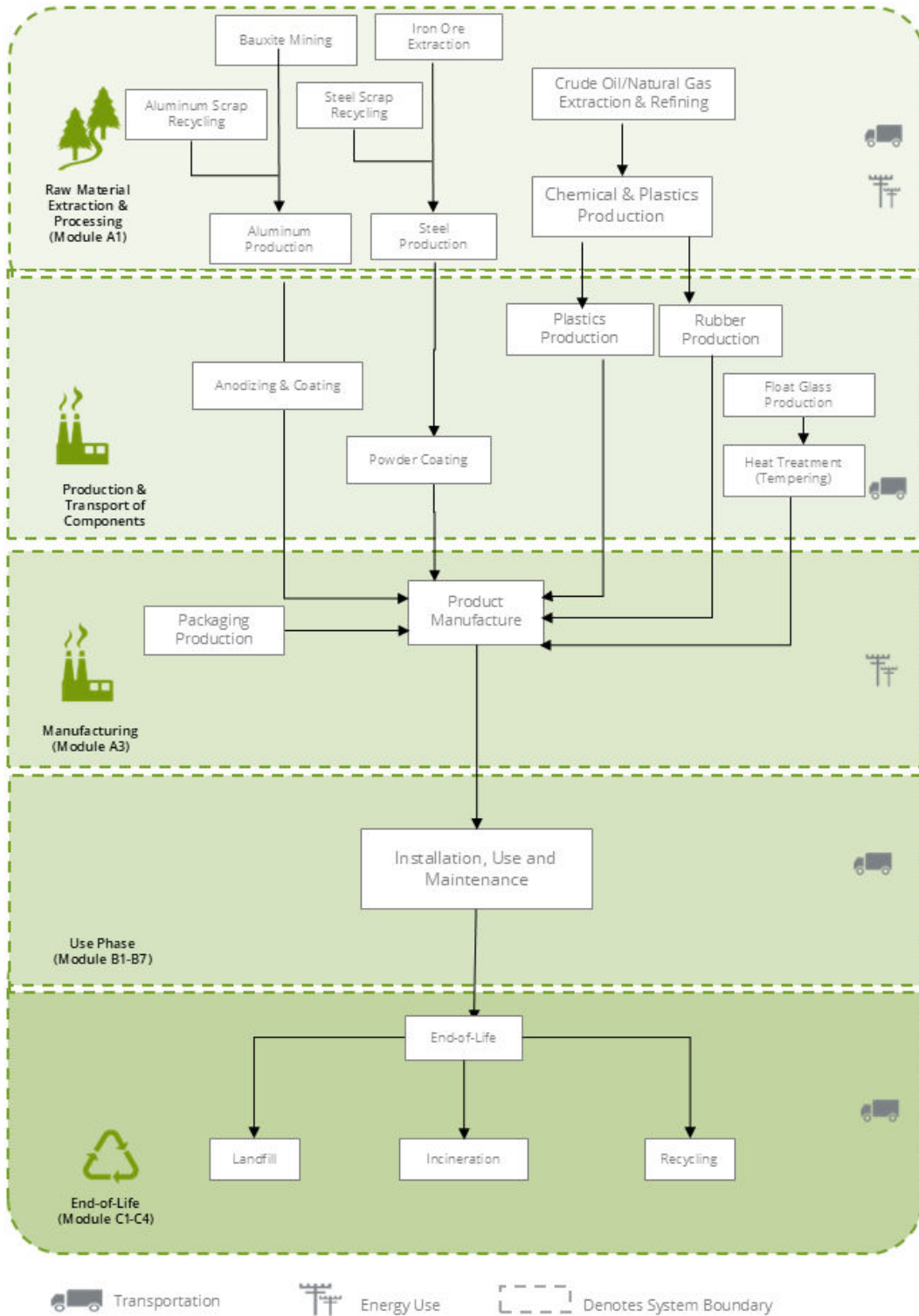


Figure 1. Flow Diagram for the life cycle of the product system.



### 3.3 PRODUCT SPECIFIC CALCULATION FOR USE PHASE

There are no impacts associated with the use of the products.

### 3.4 UNITS

All data and results are presented using SI units.

### 3.5 ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

- The Reference Service Life (RSL) of the products was modeled based on information provided by the manufacturer assuming their products are installed and maintained as recommended and used for the specific application noted.
- The *Transwall* facility is located in West Chester, PA. An Ecoinvent inventory dataset was modified to reflect the eGRID 2022 energy mix for the RFCE NERC Subregion in order to estimate resource use and emissions from electricity use at the manufacturing facility.
- Electricity and resource use (natural gas, propane and water) at the production facility was allocated to the demountable partition products based on product mass utilizing production data for calendar year 2024 provided by the manufacturer.
- Primary data for upstream component fabrication were not available. Representative LCI datasets from the ecoinvent database were used to model processing for aluminum, steel and plastic material components.
- The Reference Service Life (RSL) of the products was modeled based on information provided by the manufacturer assuming their products are installed and maintained as recommended and used for the specific application noted.
- For end-of-life, disposal of the product and product packaging is modeled based on 2018 statistics for municipal solid waste generation and disposal in the United States, from the US Environmental Protection Agency. These data provide recycling rate estimates for household and municipal waste, durable and non-durable goods, as well as for packaging and containers.
- For final disposal of the product and packaging materials at end-of-life, all materials are assumed to be transported 100 miles (161 km) by diesel truck to either a landfill, incineration facility, or material reclamation facility (for recycling). Datasets representing disposal in a landfill and waste incineration are from Ecoinvent.
- Modeling of recycled materials follows the recycled content method (also known as 100-0 method or cut-off method) whereby only the burdens of reprocessing the waste material are allocated to the system from the use of the recycled material.

The PCR requires the results for several inventory flows related to construction products to be reported including energy and resource use and waste and outflows. These are aggregated inventory flows, and do not characterize any potential impact; results should be interpreted considering this limitation.

### 3.6 CUT-OFF RULES

According to the PCR, processes contributing greater than 1% of the total environmental impact indicator for each impact are included in the inventory. No data gaps were allowed which were expected to significantly affect the outcome of the indicator results. No known flows are deliberately excluded from this EPD.

### 3.7 DATA SOURCES

Primary data were provided by Transwall for their manufacturing facility. The sources of secondary LCI data are the Ecoinvent database.

**Table 7.** Data sources for the Transwall product system.

Component	Dataset	Data Source	Publication Date
<b>PRODUCT</b>			
<b>Aluminum</b>			
Aluminum, pre-consumer recycled	market for aluminium scrap, new   aluminium scrap, new   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Aluminum, post-consumer recycled	market for aluminium, cast alloy   aluminium, cast alloy   Cutoff, S/GLO	EI v3.11	2024
Aluminum, primary	market for aluminium, primary, ingot   aluminium, primary, ingot   Cutoff, S/IAI Area, North America	EI v3.11	2024
Powder coating	powder coating, aluminium sheet   powder coat, aluminium sheet   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Anodizing	anodising, aluminium sheet   anodising, aluminium sheet   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Metal working	metal working, average for aluminium product manufacturing   metal working, average for aluminium product manufacturing   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
<b>Steel</b>			
Steel - BOF	steel production, converter, low-alloyed   steel, low-alloyed   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Steel - EAF	steel production, electric, low-alloyed   steel, low-alloyed   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Metal working	metal working, average for steel product manufacturing   metal working, average for steel product manufacturing   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Powder coating	powder coating, steel   powder coat, steel   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
<b>Plastics</b>			
PVC	polyvinylchloride production, bulk polymerisation   polyvinylchloride, bulk polymerised   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
PS	polystyrene production, high impact   polystyrene, high impact   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
HDPE	polyethylene production, high density, granulate   polyethylene, high density, granulate   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
PA	polylactide production, granulate   polylactide, granulate   Cutoff, S/GLO	EI v3.11	2024
PC	polycarbonate production   polycarbonate   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
PUR foam	market for polyurethane, flexible foam   polyurethane, flexible foam   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Injection molding	injection moulding   injection moulding   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
<b>Glass</b>			
Glass	flat glass production, uncoated   flat glass, uncoated   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Tempering	tempering, flat glass   tempering, flat glass   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
<b>Rubber</b>			
Rubber	synthetic rubber production   synthetic rubber   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Rubber seal	seal production, natural rubber based   seal, natural rubber based   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
<b>Other</b>			
Adhesive	polyurethane adhesive production   polyurethane adhesive   Cutoff, S/GLO	EI v3.11	2024
Silicone	silicone product production   silicone product   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Powder coat	coating powder production   coating powder   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
<b>PACKAGING</b>			

Component	Dataset	Data Source	Publication Date
Corrugated	containerboard production, linerboard, kraftliner   containerboard, linerboard   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Plastics	production, low density polyethylene   packaging film, low density polyethylene   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Paper	kraft paper production   kraft paper   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Adhesive	polyurethane adhesive production   polyurethane adhesive   Cutoff, S/GLO	EI v3.11	2024
<b>RESOURCES</b>			
Grid electricity	market for electricity, medium voltage   electricity, medium voltage   Cutoff, U - RFCE/US-RFC	EI v3.11	2024
Natural gas	market group for heat, district or industrial, natural gas   heat, district or industrial, natural gas   Cutoff, S/GLO	EI v3.11	2024
Propane	propane, burned in building machine   propane, burned in building machine   Cutoff, S/GLO	EI v3.11	2024
Water	tap water production, conventional treatment   tap water   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
<b>WASTE DISPOSAL</b>			
Landfill	treatment of waste paperboard, sanitary landfill   waste paperboard   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of waste glass, sanitary landfill   waste glass   Cutoff, S/GLO	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of scrap steel, inert material landfill   scrap steel   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of municipal solid waste, sanitary landfill   municipal solid waste   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of waste polyvinylchloride, sanitary landfill   waste polyvinylchloride   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of waste polyethylene, sanitary landfill   waste polyethylene   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Incineration	treatment of municipal solid waste, incineration   municipal solid waste   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of waste polyethylene, municipal incineration   waste polyethylene   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of waste paperboard, municipal incineration   waste paperboard   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of waste glass, municipal incineration   waste glass   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of scrap aluminium, municipal incineration   scrap aluminium   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of waste polyvinylchloride, municipal incineration   waste polyvinylchloride   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of waste rubber, unspecified, municipal incineration   waste rubber, unspecified   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
	treatment of scrap steel, municipal incineration   scrap steel   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
Waste water	treatment of wastewater, average, wastewater treatment   wastewater, average   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024
<b>TRANSPORTATION</b>			
	transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO4   transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO4   Cutoff, S/RoW	EI v3.11	2024

### 3.8 DATA QUALITY

The data quality assessment addressed the following parameters: time-related coverage, geographical coverage, technological coverage, precision, completeness, representativeness, consistency, reproducibility, sources of data, and uncertainty.

**Table 8.** Data quality assessment for the product system.

Data Quality Parameter	Data Quality Discussion
<p><b>Time-Related Coverage:</b> Age of data and the minimum length of time over which data is collected</p>	The most recent available data are used, based on other considerations such as data quality and similarity to the actual operations. Typically, these data are less than 5 years old. All of the data used represented an average of at least one year's worth of data collection, and up to three years in some cases. Manufacturer-supplied data (primary data) are based on annual production for 2024.
<p><b>Geographical Coverage:</b> Geographical area from which data for unit processes is collected to satisfy the goal of the study</p>	The data used in the analysis provide the best possible representation available with current data. Electricity use for product manufacture is modeled using representative data for the US. Surrogate data used in the assessment are representative of global or European operations. Data representative of European operations are considered sufficiently similar to actual processes. Data representing disposal processes are based on US statistics.
<p><b>Technology Coverage:</b> Specific technology or technology mix</p>	For the most part, data are representative of the actual technologies used for processing, transportation, and manufacturing operations. Representative fabrication datasets, specific to the type of material, are used to represent the actual processes, as appropriate.
<p><b>Precision:</b> Measure of the variability of the data values for each data expressed</p>	Precision of results are not quantified due to a lack of data. Data collected for operations were typically averaged for one or more years and over multiple operations, which is expected to reduce the variability of results.
<p><b>Completeness:</b> Percentage of flow that is measured or estimated</p>	The LCA model included all known mass and energy flows for production of the demountable partition products. In some instances, surrogate data used to represent upstream and downstream operations may be missing some data which is propagated in the model. No known processes or activities contributing to more than 1% of the total environmental impact for each indicator are excluded.
<p><b>Representativeness:</b> Qualitative assessment of the degree to which the data set reflects the true population of interest</p>	Data used in the assessment represent typical or average processes as currently reported from multiple data sources and are therefore generally representative of the range of actual processes and technologies for production of these materials. Considerable deviation may exist among actual processes on a site-specific basis; however, such a determination would require detailed data collection throughout the supply chain back to resource extraction.
<p><b>Consistency:</b> Qualitative assessment of whether the study methodology is applied uniformly to the various components of the analysis</p>	The consistency of the assessment is considered to be high. Data sources of similar quality and age are used; with a bias towards the most recent data where available. Different portions of the product life cycle are equally considered; however, it must be noted that final disposition of the product is based on assumptions of current average practices in the United States.
<p><b>Reproducibility:</b> Qualitative assessment of the extent to which information about the methodology and data values would allow an independent practitioner to reproduce the results reported in the study</p>	Based on the description of data and assumptions used, this assessment would be reproducible by other practitioners. All assumptions, models, and data sources are documented.
<p><b>Sources of the Data:</b> Description of all primary and secondary data sources</p>	Data representing energy use at Transwall's manufacturing facility represent an annual average and are considered of high quality due to the length of time over which these data are collected, as compared to a snapshot that may not accurately reflect fluctuations in production. For secondary LCI data, Ecoinvent v3.11 LCI data are used.
<p><b>Uncertainty of the Information:</b> Uncertainty related to data, models, and assumptions</p>	Uncertainty related to materials in the products and packaging is low. Actual supplier data for upstream operations was not available for all suppliers and the study relied upon the use of existing representative datasets. These datasets contained relatively recent data (<10 years) but lacked geographical representativeness. Uncertainty related to the impact assessment methods used in the study are high. The impact assessment method required by the PCR includes impact potentials, which lack characterization of providing and receiving environments or tipping points.

### 3.9 PERIOD UNDER REVIEW

Manufacturer-supplied data (primary data) are based on annual production for 2024.

### 3.10 ALLOCATION

Resource use at Transwall's production facility (e.g., water and energy) was allocated to the product based on the product mass as a fraction of the total facility production volume (i.e., mass-based allocation). Based on the location, electricity use at the manufacturing facility was modeled using inventory datasets modified to reflect the eGRID energy mix for the applicable EPA NERC subregion.

Impacts from transportation were attributed to the products based on the mass of material and distance transported.

### 3.11 COMPARABILITY

The PCR this EPD was based on was not written to support comparative assertions. EPDs based on different PCRs, or different calculation models, may not be comparable. When attempting to compare EPDs or life cycle impacts of products from different companies, the user should be aware of the uncertainty in the final results, due to and not limited to, the practitioner's assumptions, the source of the data used in the study, and the specifics of the product modeled.





## 4. LCA: Scenarios and Additional Technical Information

### Delivery and Installation stage (A4 - A5)

Distribution of the products to the point of installation is included in the assessment. Transportation parameters for modeling product distribution are summarized in Table 9. Production-weighted average distances by transport mode were used to represent product distribution in North America.

**Table 9.** Distribution parameters for the demountable partition products.

Parameter	Unit	Value
<b>Ground transport</b>		
Fuel type	-	Diesel
Liters of fuel	L/100km	18.7
Vehicle type	-	Diesel truck
Capacity utilization	%	76
Product Name	Gross mass transported <sup>1</sup> (kg)	Road Transport Distance (km)
1x2 Door	71.96	1,701
2x2 Door	70.58	1,701
Double-Glazed Door	90.78	1,701
Offset-Glazed Door	90.99	1,701

<sup>1</sup> Including packaging.

The products are installed using hand tools with negligible impacts. Impacts associated with the production and disposal of the product packaging are included in this phase. The VOC emissions associated with the installation, use and maintenance of the products are negligible.

Impacts associated with the disposal of packaging materials are also included in the installation life cycle phase. Assumed recycling rates for packaging component materials are based on the PCR requirements. Table 10 summarizes the relevant parameters for the product installation phase including wastes associated with product packaging.

**Table 10.** Installation parameters for the demountable partition products, per 1 m<sup>2</sup>.

Parameter	1x2 Door	2x2 Door	Double-Glazed Door	Offset-Glazed Door
Ancillary materials (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net freshwater consumption (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Electricity consumption (kWh)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Product loss per functional unit (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Waste materials generated by product installation (kg)	4.08x10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.08x10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.08x10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.08x10 <sup>-2</sup>
Output materials resulting from on-site waste processing (kg)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Mass of packaging waste (kg)	Plastic	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>
	Corrugate/Paper	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>
	Adhesive	4.54x10 <sup>-3</sup>	4.54x10 <sup>-3</sup>	4.54x10 <sup>-3</sup>
Biogenic carbon contained in packaging (kg CO <sub>2</sub> )	3.33x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.33x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.33x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.33x10 <sup>-2</sup>
Direct emissions (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**Use and Maintenance stage (B1; B2)**

The product system's use and maintenance life cycle phases were modeled based on the estimated building service life (ESL) of each of the products. Impacts from maintenance and cleaning of the products are assumed negligible. No impacts are associated with the use of the product.

**Repair/Refurbishment stage (B3; B5)**

Product repair and refurbishment are not relevant during the lifetime of the product.

**Replacement stage (B4)**

The materials and energy required for replacement of the product over the 75-year estimated service lifetime of the assessment are included in this stage. Modeling parameters for the product replacement stage are summarized in Table 11. Impacts associated with the production, transport, waste processing, and disposal of all materials required for the replacement of the product over the 75-year assessment period are included in this life cycle phase.

**Table 11.** Product replacement parameters for the products, per reference flow.

Parameter	Units	1x2 Door	2x2 Door	Double-Glazed Door	Offset-Glazed Door
Reference service life	Years	30	30	30	30
Replacement cycle	-	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Energy input	kWh	0	0	0	0
Freshwater consumption	m <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0
Ancillary materials	kg	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible
Replacement parts	kg	121	119	144	145
Direct emissions	kg	0	0	0	0

**Building operation stage (B6 – B7)**

There is no operational energy or water use associated with the use of the product.

**Disposal stage (C1 - C4)**

The disposal stage includes removal of the products (C1); transport of the products to waste treatment facilities (C2); waste processing (C3); and associated emissions as the product degrades in a landfill or is burned in an incinerator (C4). For the demountable partition products, no emissions are generated during demolition (C1) while no waste processing (C3) is required for incineration or landfill disposal.

Transportation of waste materials at end-of-life (C2) assumes a 100 mile (~161 km) average distance to disposal, consistent with the PCR. The recycling rates used for the product packaging are based on the PCR. The relevant disposal parameters are summarized in Table 12.

**Table 12.** End-of-life disposal scenario parameters for the demountable partition products.

Parameter	1x2 Door	2x2 Door	Double-Glazed Door	Offset-Glazed Door	
Assumptions for scenario development	EPA 2018 MSW	EPA 2018 MSW	EPA 2018 MSW	EPA 2018 MSW	
Collection process	-	-	-	-	
Collected with mixed construction waste (kg)	27.2	26.6	34.3	34.4	
Recovery	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Disposal	Recycled (kg)	3.46	3.92	2.40	2.49
	Landfill (kg)	19.0	18.2	25.5	25.5
	Incineration (kg)	4.74	4.54	6.37	6.37
Removals of biogenic carbon (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	

## 5. LCA: Results

Results of the Life Cycle Assessment are presented below. It is noted that LCA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. All LCA results are stated to three significant figures in agreement with the PCR and therefore the sum of the total values may not exactly equal 100%.

The following environmental impact category indicators are reported using characterization factors based on the U.S. EPA's Tool for the Reduction and Assessment of Chemical and Other Environmental Impacts – TRACI 2.1 and CML-IA.

CMLIA Impact Category	Unit	TRACI 2.1 Impact Category	Unit
Global Warming Potential (GWP)	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	Global Warming Potential (GWP)	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP)	kg CFC 11 eq	Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP)	kg CFC 11 eq
Acidification Potential of soil and water (AP)	kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq	Acidification Potential (AP)	kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq
Eutrophication Potential (EP)	kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq	Eutrophication Potential (EP)	kg N eq
Photochemical Oxidant Creation Potential (POCP)	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> eq	Smog Formation Potential (SFP)	kg O <sub>3</sub> eq
Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources (ADPE)	kg Sb eq	Fossil Fuel Depletion Potential (FFD)	MJ Surplus, LHV
Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADPF)	MJ, LHV	-	-

These impact categories are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development. However, the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes.

The following inventory parameters, specified by the PCR, are also reported.

Resources	Unit	Waste and Outflows	Unit
RPR <sub>E</sub> : Renewable primary resources used as energy carrier (fuel)	MJ, LHV	HWD: Hazardous waste disposed	kg
RPR <sub>M</sub> : Renewable primary resources with energy content used as material	MJ, LHV	NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg
NRPR <sub>E</sub> : Non-renewable primary resources used as an energy carrier (fuel)	MJ, LHV	HLRW: High-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository	kg
NRPR <sub>M</sub> : Non-renewable primary resources with energy content used as material	MJ, LHV	ILLRW: Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository	kg
SM: Secondary materials	kg	CRU: Components for re-use	kg
RSF: Renewable secondary fuels	MJ, LHV	MR: Materials for recycling	kg
NRSF: Non-renewable secondary fuels	MJ, LHV	MER: Materials for energy recovery	kg
RE: Recovered energy	MJ, LHV	EE: Recovered energy exported from the product system	MJ, LHV
FW: Use of net freshwater resources	m <sup>3</sup>	-	-

Modules B1, B2, B3, B5, B6, and B7 are not associated with any impact and are therefore declared as zero. In addition, modules C1 and C3 are likewise not associated with any impact as the product is manually deconstructed. Additionally, as the products do not contain bio-based materials, biogenic carbon emissions and removals are not declared. Module D is not declared. In the interest of space and table readability, these modules are not included in the results presented below.

**Table 13.** Life Cycle Impact Assessment results for the Transwall products over a 75-yr time horizon. Results reported in MJ are calculated using lower heating values. All values are rounded to three significant digits. **(1x2 Door)**

Impact Category	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B4	C2	C4
<b>CML</b>								
GWP (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq)	99.3	11.1	15.7	50.3	9.22x10 <sup>-3</sup>	274	6.08	0.351
	22%	2.4%	3.4%	11%	0.002%	60%	1.3%	0.077%
AP (kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq)	0.680	3.68x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.41x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.167	1.39x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.40	2.28x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.46x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	29%	1.6%	1%	7.2%	0.0006%	60%	0.98%	0.063%
EP (kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq)	0.173	9.29x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.87x10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.21x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.08x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.375	5.30x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.54x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	28%	1.5%	3%	6.7%	0.017%	60%	0.85%	0.25%
POCP (kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> eq)	3.78x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.77x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.72x10 <sup>-3</sup>	8.03x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.00x10 <sup>-6</sup>	7.56x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.02x10 <sup>-3</sup>	8.60x10 <sup>-5</sup>
	30%	1.4%	1.4%	6.4%	0.00079%	60%	0.81%	0.068%
ODP (kg CFC-11 eq)	8.33x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.47x10 <sup>-7</sup>	2.19x10 <sup>-7</sup>	6.67x10 <sup>-7</sup>	4.42x10 <sup>-11</sup>	2.92x10 <sup>-6</sup>	7.27x10 <sup>-8</sup>	6.76x10 <sup>-9</sup>
	17%	3%	4.5%	14%	0.00091%	60%	1.5%	0.14%
ADPF (MJ eq)	989	156	212	706	4.64x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3,220	78.3	6.11
	18%	2.9%	3.9%	13%	0.00086%	60%	1.5%	0.11%
ADPE (kg Sb eq)	3.00x10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.59x10 <sup>-5</sup>	7.85x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.63x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.33x10 <sup>-9</sup>	7.64x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.04x10 <sup>-6</sup>	4.33x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	24%	2.8%	0.62%	13%	0.0001%	60%	0.16%	0.034%
<b>TRACI</b>								
GWP (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq)	99.3	11.1	15.5	50.3	8.92x10 <sup>-3</sup>	274	6.08	0.351
	22%	2.4%	3.4%	11%	0.002%	60%	1.3%	0.077%
AP (kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq)	0.674	4.39x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.64x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.199	1.78x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.46	2.92x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.79x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	28%	1.8%	1.1%	8.2%	0.00073%	60%	1.2%	0.074%
EP (kg N eq)	0.335	1.04x10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.25x10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.72x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.96x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.664	3.02x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.63x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	30%	0.94%	3.8%	4.3%	0.027%	60%	0.27%	0.33%
SFP (kg O <sub>3</sub> eq)	7.22	1.11	0.482	5.02	5.33x10 <sup>-4</sup>	22.2	0.886	4.64x10 <sup>-2</sup>
	20%	3%	1.3%	14%	0.0014%	60%	2.4%	0.13%
ODP (kg CFC-11 eq)	1.23x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.94x10 <sup>-7</sup>	3.13x10 <sup>-7</sup>	8.79x10 <sup>-7</sup>	6.01x10 <sup>-11</sup>	4.09x10 <sup>-6</sup>	9.95x10 <sup>-8</sup>	8.74x10 <sup>-9</sup>
	18%	2.8%	4.6%	13%	0.00088%	60%	1.5%	0.13%
FFD (MJ surplus)	96.8	22.2	31.3	100	6.98x10 <sup>-3</sup>	395	11.8	0.873
	15%	3.4%	4.8%	15%	0.0011%	60%	1.8%	0.13%

**Table 14.** Resource use and waste flows for the Transwall products over a 75-yr time horizon. Results reported in MJ are calculated using lower heating values. All values are rounded to three significant digits (1x2 Door)

Parameter	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B4	C2	C4
<b>Resources</b>								
RPR <sub>E</sub> (MJ)	211	2.01	4.82	9.11	2.33x10 <sup>-4</sup>	341	0.343	9.32x10 <sup>-2</sup>
	37%	0.35%	0.85%	1.6%	0.000041%	60%	0.06%	0.016%
RPR <sub>M</sub> (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.116	0.00	0.00	0.175	0.00	0.00
	0%	0%	40%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
NRPR <sub>E</sub> (MJ)	1,030	158	275	716	4.66x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3,390	78.7	6.20
	18%	2.8%	4.9%	13%	0.00083%	60%	1.4%	0.11%
NRPR <sub>M</sub> (MJ)	7.48	0.00	0.254	0.00	0.00	11.6	0.00	0.00
	39%	0%	1.3%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
SM (kg)	3.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.63	0.00	0.00
	40%	0%	0%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
RSF/NRSF (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RE (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW (m <sup>3</sup> )	3.43	0.121	5.11	0.546	2.10x10 <sup>-5</sup>	13.9	2.85x10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.31x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	15%	0.52%	22%	2.4%	0.000091%	60%	0.12%	0.036%
<b>Wastes</b>								
HWD (kg)	8.04x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.02x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.06x10 <sup>-3</sup>	4.63x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.30x10 <sup>-7</sup>	2.30x10 <sup>-2</sup>	5.54x10 <sup>-4</sup>	4.12x10 <sup>-5</sup>
	21%	2.7%	2.8%	12%	0.00086%	60%	1.4%	0.11%
NHWD (kg)	5.46	7.67	1.37	34.7	6.14x10 <sup>-3</sup>	103	0.376	19.1
	3.2%	4.5%	0.8%	20%	0.0036%	60%	0.22%	11%
HLRW (kg)	1.88x10 <sup>-4</sup>	9.44x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.85x10 <sup>-4</sup>	4.28x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.11x10 <sup>-9</sup>	6.41x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.68x10 <sup>-6</sup>	3.85x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	18%	0.88%	17%	4%	0.0001%	60%	0.16%	0.036%
ILLRW (kg)	4.70x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.25x10 <sup>-5</sup>	7.43x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.02x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.59x10 <sup>-9</sup>	2.01x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.85x10 <sup>-6</sup>	9.60x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	14%	0.67%	22%	3%	0.000077%	60%	0.11%	0.029%
CRU (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MR (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.48x10 <sup>-3</sup>	5.20	0.00	3.46
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0.075%	60%	0%	40%
MER (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EE (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



**Table 15.** Life Cycle Impact Assessment results for the Transwall products over a 75-yr time horizon. Results reported in MJ are calculated using lower heating values. All values are rounded to three significant digits. **(2x2 Door)**

Impact Category	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B4	C2	C4
<b>CML</b>								
GWP (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq)	105	12.2	15.4	49.4	9.22x10 <sup>-3</sup>	283	5.96	0.339
	22%	2.6%	3.3%	10%	0.002%	60%	1.3%	0.072%
AP (kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq)	0.714	4.02x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.38x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.163	1.39x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.45	2.24x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.40x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	30%	1.7%	0.99%	6.8%	0.00057%	60%	0.93%	0.058%
EP (kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq)	0.187	1.02x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.84x10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.13x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.08x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.396	5.20x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.52x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	28%	1.5%	2.8%	6.3%	0.016%	60%	0.79%	0.23%
POCP (kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> eq)	4.04x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.94x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.69x10 <sup>-3</sup>	7.87x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.00x10 <sup>-6</sup>	7.94x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.00x10 <sup>-3</sup>	8.24x10 <sup>-5</sup>
	30%	1.5%	1.3%	5.9%	0.00076%	60%	0.76%	0.062%
ODP (kg CFC-11 eq)	8.71x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.61x10 <sup>-7</sup>	2.15x10 <sup>-7</sup>	6.54x10 <sup>-7</sup>	4.42x10 <sup>-11</sup>	2.97x10 <sup>-6</sup>	7.13x10 <sup>-8</sup>	6.51x10 <sup>-9</sup>
	18%	3.3%	4.4%	13%	0.00089%	60%	1.4%	0.13%
ADPF (MJ eq)	1,050	171	208	693	4.64x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3,300	76.8	5.84
	19%	3.1%	3.8%	13%	0.00084%	60%	1.4%	0.11%
ADPE (kg Sb eq)	3.08x10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.93x10 <sup>-5</sup>	7.71x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.60x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.33x10 <sup>-9</sup>	7.76x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.00x10 <sup>-6</sup>	4.14x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	24%	3%	0.6%	12%	0.0001%	60%	0.15%	0.032%
<b>TRACI</b>								
GWP (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq)	105	12.2	15.3	49.4	8.92x10 <sup>-3</sup>	282	5.96	0.339
	22%	2.6%	3.2%	10%	0.0019%	60%	1.3%	0.072%
AP (kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq)	0.708	4.81x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.61x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.195	1.78x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.51	2.86x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.72x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	28%	1.9%	1%	7.7%	0.00071%	60%	1.1%	0.068%
EP (kg N eq)	0.366	1.14x10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.19x10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.63x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.96x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.709	2.96x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.61x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	31%	0.97%	3.5%	3.9%	0.025%	60%	0.25%	0.31%
SFP (kg O <sub>3</sub> eq)	7.54	1.21	0.478	4.93	5.33x10 <sup>-4</sup>	22.6	0.869	4.45x10 <sup>-2</sup>
	20%	3.2%	1.3%	13%	0.0014%	60%	2.3%	0.12%
ODP (kg CFC-11 eq)	1.30x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.12x10 <sup>-7</sup>	3.08x10 <sup>-7</sup>	8.62x10 <sup>-7</sup>	6.01x10 <sup>-11</sup>	4.18x10 <sup>-6</sup>	9.76x10 <sup>-8</sup>	8.40x10 <sup>-9</sup>
	19%	3%	4.4%	12%	0.00086%	60%	1.4%	0.12%
FFD (MJ surplus)	100	24.2	30.8	98.4	6.98x10 <sup>-3</sup>	399	11.6	0.835
	15%	3.6%	4.6%	15%	0.001%	60%	1.7%	0.13%

**Table 16.** Resource use and waste flows for the Transwall products over a 75-yr time horizon. Results reported in MJ are calculated using lower heating values. All values are rounded to three significant digits (2x2 Door)

Parameter	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B4	C2	C4
<b>Resources</b>								
RPR <sub>E</sub> (MJ)	230	2.20	4.73	8.93	2.33x10 <sup>-4</sup>	369	0.337	8.93x10 <sup>-2</sup>
	37%	0.36%	0.77%	1.5%	0.000038%	60%	0.055%	0.015%
RPR <sub>M</sub> (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.116	0.00	0.00	0.175	0.00	0.00
	0%	0%	40%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
NRPR <sub>E</sub> (MJ)	1,090	173	270	702	4.66x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3,470	77.2	5.93
	19%	3%	4.7%	12%	0.00081%	60%	1.3%	0.1%
NRPR <sub>M</sub> (MJ)	7.48	0.00	0.254	0.00	0.00	11.6	0.00	0.00
	39%	0%	1.3%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
SM (kg)	3.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.23	0.00	0.00
	40%	0%	0%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
RSF/NRSF (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RE (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW (m <sup>3</sup> )	3.77	0.132	5.02	0.536	2.10x10 <sup>-5</sup>	14.2	2.79x10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.06x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	16%	0.56%	21%	2.3%	0.000089%	60%	0.12%	0.034%
<b>Wastes</b>								
HWD (kg)	8.67x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.12x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.05x10 <sup>-3</sup>	4.54x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.30x10 <sup>-7</sup>	2.39x10 <sup>-2</sup>	5.43x10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.94x10 <sup>-5</sup>
	22%	2.8%	2.6%	11%	0.00083%	60%	1.4%	0.099%
NHWD (kg)	5.65	8.39	1.35	34.1	6.14x10 <sup>-3</sup>	102	0.369	18.3
	3.3%	4.9%	0.79%	20%	0.0036%	60%	0.22%	11%
HLRW (kg)	2.05x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.03x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.82x10 <sup>-4</sup>	4.20x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.11x10 <sup>-9</sup>	6.62x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.65x10 <sup>-6</sup>	3.69x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	19%	0.94%	16%	3.8%	0.0001%	60%	0.15%	0.033%
ILLRW (kg)	5.14x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.46x10 <sup>-5</sup>	7.29x10 <sup>-4</sup>	9.99x10 <sup>-5</sup>	2.59x10 <sup>-9</sup>	2.06x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.78x10 <sup>-6</sup>	9.20x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	15%	0.72%	21%	2.9%	0.000075%	60%	0.11%	0.027%
CRU (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MR (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.48x10 <sup>-3</sup>	5.88	0.00	3.92
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0.066%	60%	0%	40%
MER (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EE (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**Table 17.** Life Cycle Impact Assessment results for the Transwall products over a 75-yr time horizon. Results reported in MJ are calculated using lower heating values. All values are rounded to three significant digits. **(Double-Glazed Door)**

Impact Category	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B4	C2	C4
<b>CML</b>								
GWP (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq)	91.0	11.5	19.2	63.5	9.22x10 <sup>-3</sup>	290	7.67	0.424
	19%	2.4%	4%	13%	0.0019%	60%	1.6%	0.088%
AP (kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq)	0.633	3.80x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.86x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.210	1.39x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.41	2.88x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.94x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	27%	1.6%	1.2%	8.9%	0.00059%	60%	1.2%	0.083%
EP (kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq)	0.143	9.61x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.22x10 <sup>-2</sup>	5.31x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.08x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.354	6.69x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.07x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	24%	1.6%	3.8%	9%	0.018%	60%	1.1%	0.18%
POCP (kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> eq)	3.17x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.83x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.07x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.01x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.00x10 <sup>-6</sup>	7.07x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.29x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.14x10 <sup>-4</sup>
	27%	1.6%	1.8%	8.6%	0.00085%	60%	1.1%	0.096%
ODP (kg CFC-11 eq)	7.32x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.52x10 <sup>-7</sup>	2.70x10 <sup>-7</sup>	8.41x10 <sup>-7</sup>	4.42x10 <sup>-11</sup>	3.14x10 <sup>-6</sup>	9.18x10 <sup>-8</sup>	8.22x10 <sup>-9</sup>
	14%	2.9%	5.2%	16%	0.00084%	60%	1.8%	0.16%
ADPF (MJ eq)	916	161	261	891	4.64x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3,500	98.8	8.23
	16%	2.8%	4.5%	15%	0.00079%	60%	1.7%	0.14%
ADPE (kg Sb eq)	3.16x10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.71x10 <sup>-5</sup>	9.71x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.05x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.33x10 <sup>-9</sup>	8.57x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.58x10 <sup>-6</sup>	5.57x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	22%	2.6%	0.68%	14%	0.000093%	60%	0.18%	0.039%
<b>TRACI</b>								
GWP (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq)	90.9	11.5	19.0	63.5	8.92x10 <sup>-3</sup>	290	7.67	0.424
	19%	2.4%	3.9%	13%	0.0018%	60%	1.6%	0.088%
AP (kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq)	0.631	4.54x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.09x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.251	1.78x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.50	3.68x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.37x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	25%	1.8%	1.2%	10%	0.00071%	60%	1.5%	0.095%
EP (kg N eq)	0.263	1.08x10 <sup>-2</sup>	5.10x10 <sup>-2</sup>	5.96x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.96x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.586	3.81x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.12x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	27%	1.1%	5.2%	6.1%	0.03%	60%	0.39%	0.22%
SFP (kg O <sub>3</sub> eq)	7.06	1.15	0.537	6.34	5.33x10 <sup>-4</sup>	24.4	1.12	6.20x10 <sup>-2</sup>
	17%	2.8%	1.3%	16%	0.0013%	60%	2.8%	0.15%
ODP (kg CFC-11 eq)	1.08x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.01x10 <sup>-7</sup>	3.87x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.11x10 <sup>-6</sup>	6.01x10 <sup>-11</sup>	4.37x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.26x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.09x10 <sup>-8</sup>
	15%	2.8%	5.3%	15%	0.00083%	60%	1.7%	0.15%
FFD (MJ surplus)	99.9	22.9	38.5	127	6.98x10 <sup>-3</sup>	456	14.9	1.18
	13%	3%	5.1%	17%	0.00092%	60%	2%	0.15%

**Table 18.** Resource use and waste flows for the Transwall products over a 75-yr time horizon. Results reported in MJ are calculated using lower heating values. All values are rounded to three significant digits (**Double-Glazed Door**)

Parameter	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B4	C2	C4
<b>Resources</b>								
RPR <sub>E</sub> (MJ)	152	2.08	6.03	11.5	2.33x10 <sup>-4</sup>	258	0.433	0.120
	35%	0.48%	1.4%	2.7%	0.000054%	60%	0.1%	0.028%
RPR <sub>M</sub> (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.116	0.00	0.00	0.175	0.00	0.00
	0%	0%	40%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
NRPR <sub>E</sub> (MJ)	948	163	341	903	4.66x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3,690	99.3	8.35
	15%	2.7%	5.5%	15%	0.00076%	60%	1.6%	0.14%
NRPR <sub>M</sub> (MJ)	3.35	0.00	0.254	0.00	0.00	5.40	0.00	0.00
	37%	0%	2.8%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
SM (kg)	2.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.21	0.00	0.00
	40%	0%	0%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
RSF/NRSF (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RE (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW (m <sup>3</sup> )	2.95	0.125	6.45	0.689	2.10x10 <sup>-5</sup>	15.4	3.59x10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.80x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	12%	0.49%	25%	2.7%	0.000082%	60%	0.14%	0.034%
<b>Wastes</b>								
HWD (kg)	6.69x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.06x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.30x10 <sup>-3</sup>	5.84x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.30x10 <sup>-7</sup>	2.34x10 <sup>-2</sup>	6.99x10 <sup>-4</sup>	5.55x10 <sup>-5</sup>
	17%	2.7%	3.3%	15%	0.00084%	60%	1.8%	0.14%
NHWD (kg)	5.52	7.93	1.59	43.8	6.14x10 <sup>-3</sup>	127	0.475	25.6
	2.6%	3.7%	0.75%	21%	0.0029%	60%	0.22%	12%
HLRW (kg)	1.55x10 <sup>-4</sup>	9.76x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.34x10 <sup>-4</sup>	5.40x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.11x10 <sup>-9</sup>	6.82x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.12x10 <sup>-6</sup>	4.99x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	14%	0.86%	21%	4.7%	0.000098%	60%	0.19%	0.044%
ILLRW (kg)	3.81x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.32x10 <sup>-5</sup>	9.37x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.28x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.59x10 <sup>-9</sup>	2.21x10 <sup>-3</sup>	4.86x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.24x10 <sup>-6</sup>
	10%	0.63%	25%	3.5%	0.00007%	60%	0.13%	0.034%
CRU (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MR (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.48x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.62	0.00	2.40
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0.11%	60%	0%	40%
MER (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EE (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**Table 19.** Life Cycle Impact Assessment results for the Transwall products over a 75-yr time horizon. Results reported in MJ are calculated using lower heating values. All values are rounded to three significant digits. **(Offset-Glazed Door)**

Impact Category	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B4	C2	C4
<b>CML</b>								
GWP (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq)	90.6	9.35	19.3	63.6	9.22x10 <sup>-3</sup>	287	7.69	0.407
	19%	2%	4%	13%	0.0019%	60%	1.6%	0.085%
AP (kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq)	0.635	3.10x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.87x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.211	1.39x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.40	2.89x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.93x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	27%	1.3%	1.2%	9%	0.00059%	60%	1.2%	0.083%
EP (kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq)	0.142	7.82x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.23x10 <sup>-2</sup>	5.32x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.08x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.350	6.70x10 <sup>-3</sup>	7.54x10 <sup>-4</sup>
	24%	1.3%	3.8%	9.1%	0.019%	60%	1.1%	0.13%
POCP (kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> eq)	3.19x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.49x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.07x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.02x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.00x10 <sup>-6</sup>	7.06x10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.29x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.13x10 <sup>-4</sup>
	27%	1.3%	1.8%	8.6%	0.00085%	60%	1.1%	0.096%
ODP (kg CFC-11 eq)	7.04x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.24x10 <sup>-7</sup>	2.71x10 <sup>-7</sup>	8.43x10 <sup>-7</sup>	4.42x10 <sup>-11</sup>	3.06x10 <sup>-6</sup>	9.20x10 <sup>-8</sup>	8.01x10 <sup>-9</sup>
	14%	2.4%	5.3%	17%	0.00087%	60%	1.8%	0.16%
ADPF (MJ eq)	911	131	261	893	4.64x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3,460	99.0	8.21
	16%	2.3%	4.5%	16%	0.00081%	60%	1.7%	0.14%
ADPE (kg Sb eq)	3.16x10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.02x10 <sup>-5</sup>	9.74x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.06x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.33x10 <sup>-9</sup>	8.47x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.58x10 <sup>-6</sup>	5.50x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	22%	2.1%	0.69%	15%	0.000094%	60%	0.18%	0.039%
<b>TRACI</b>								
GWP (kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq)	90.6	9.35	19.1	63.6	8.92x10 <sup>-3</sup>	286	7.69	0.407
	19%	2%	4%	13%	0.0019%	60%	1.6%	0.085%
AP (kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq)	0.632	3.70x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.10x10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.252	1.78x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.49	3.69x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.36x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	26%	1.5%	1.3%	10%	0.00072%	60%	1.5%	0.095%
EP (kg N eq)	0.261	8.78x10 <sup>-3</sup>	5.11x10 <sup>-2</sup>	5.97x10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.96x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.579	3.82x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.23x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	27%	0.91%	5.3%	6.2%	0.031%	60%	0.4%	0.13%
SFP (kg O <sub>3</sub> eq)	7.05	0.934	0.538	6.35	5.33x10 <sup>-4</sup>	24.1	1.12	6.18x10 <sup>-2</sup>
	18%	2.3%	1.3%	16%	0.0013%	60%	2.8%	0.15%
ODP (kg CFC-11 eq)	1.05x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.63x10 <sup>-7</sup>	3.88x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.11x10 <sup>-6</sup>	6.01x10 <sup>-11</sup>	4.27x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.26x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.07x10 <sup>-8</sup>
	15%	2.3%	5.4%	16%	0.00084%	60%	1.8%	0.15%
FFD (MJ surplus)	99.4	18.7	38.6	127	6.98x10 <sup>-3</sup>	450	14.9	1.18
	13%	2.5%	5.2%	17%	0.00093%	60%	2%	0.16%



**Table 20.** Resource use and waste flows for the Transwall products over a 75-yr time horizon. Results reported in MJ are calculated using lower heating values. All values are rounded to three significant digits (**Offset-Glazed Door**)

Parameter	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B4	C2	C4
<b>Resources</b>								
RPR <sub>E</sub> (MJ)	153	1.69	6.05	11.5	2.33x10 <sup>-4</sup>	260	0.434	0.118
	35%	0.39%	1.4%	2.7%	0.000054%	60%	0.1%	0.027%
RPR <sub>M</sub> (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.116	0.00	0.00	0.175	0.00	0.00
	0%	0%	40%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
NRPR <sub>E</sub> (MJ)	944	133	342	905	4.66x10 <sup>-2</sup>	3,650	99.5	8.33
	16%	2.2%	5.6%	15%	0.00077%	60%	1.6%	0.14%
NRPR <sub>M</sub> (MJ)	1.52	0.00	0.254	0.00	0.00	2.66	0.00	0.00
	34%	0%	5.7%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
SM (kg)	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.33	0.00	0.00
	40%	0%	0%	0%	0%	60%	0%	0%
RSF/NRSF (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RE (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW (m <sup>3</sup> )	2.83	0.102	6.46	0.691	2.10x10 <sup>-5</sup>	15.2	3.60x10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.26x10 <sup>-3</sup>
	11%	0.4%	26%	2.7%	0.000083%	60%	0.14%	0.033%
<b>Wastes</b>								
HWD (kg)	6.68x10 <sup>-3</sup>	8.60x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.30x10 <sup>-3</sup>	5.85x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.30x10 <sup>-7</sup>	2.32x10 <sup>-2</sup>	7.00x10 <sup>-4</sup>	5.55x10 <sup>-5</sup>
	17%	2.2%	3.4%	15%	0.00086%	60%	1.8%	0.14%
NHWD (kg)	5.49	6.46	1.59	43.9	6.14x10 <sup>-3</sup>	125	0.476	25.6
	2.6%	3.1%	0.76%	21%	0.0029%	60%	0.23%	12%
HLRW (kg)	1.50x10 <sup>-4</sup>	7.95x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.34x10 <sup>-4</sup>	5.41x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.11x10 <sup>-9</sup>	6.74x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.13x10 <sup>-6</sup>	4.94x10 <sup>-7</sup>
	13%	0.71%	21%	4.8%	0.000099%	60%	0.19%	0.044%
ILLRW (kg)	3.71x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.89x10 <sup>-5</sup>	9.39x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.29x10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.59x10 <sup>-9</sup>	2.20x10 <sup>-3</sup>	4.87x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.23x10 <sup>-6</sup>
	10%	0.52%	26%	3.5%	0.000071%	60%	0.13%	0.034%
CRU (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MR (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.48x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.74	0.00	2.49
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0.1%	60%	0%	40%
MER (kg)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EE (MJ)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

## 6. LCA: Interpretation

The contributions to total impact indicator results are dominated by the product replacement phase (B4) of the assessment. Of the remaining life cycle phases, with few exceptions, the contributions to total indicator impacts are dominated by the raw material extraction and processing stages followed by product distribution. Product manufacturing and upstream material transport are generally the next highest contributors to overall impacts while contributions from the remaining life cycle stages are minimal.

## 7. References

- Life Cycle Assessment of Transwall Demountable Partitions. SCS Global Services Report. Prepared for client. April 2025.
- ISO 14025:2006 Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and Procedures.
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